

# The Gospel According to John: That You May Believe

## Lesson 16: The Shepherd and His Flock Cornerstone Class: Byron Howell



### Review

When Jesus healed the man born blind, he exposed the spiritual blindness of the Jewish leaders. Suffering is not always caused by sin. God may hear sinners if it suits his will, but rebellion separates from God. (Isa 59) The blind man was obedient when told to wash at Siloam. Likewise, baptism is required for one to be saved.

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### The Shepherd and His Flock (John 10:1-42)

#### ► Explore It

1. What kind of relationship do sheep have with their shepherd? (10:2-4)
2. What effect did Jesus' words have on His audience? (10:6)
3. What did Jesus say He was? (10:7)
4. To whom did Jesus say the sheep did not listen? (10:8)
5. What did Jesus say would be the result of entering through Him? (10:9)
- \* 6. How did Jesus contrast His coming with the coming of a thief? (10:10)
7. Who did Jesus claim to be? (10:11)
8. Why did Jesus say the hired hand would abandon his sheep? (10:12-13)
9. What type of relationship did Jesus say He had with His sheep? (10:14)
- \* 10. What did Jesus say He did for His sheep? (10:15)
11. What did Jesus say He had? (10:16)
12. Why did Jesus say the Father loved Him? (10:17-18)
13. What effect did Jesus' words have on the Jews who heard Him speak? (10:19-21)
- \* 14. What question did the Jews ask Jesus and how did He answer them? (10:22-26)
- \* 15. With whom did Jesus claim oneship; how did the Jews respond? (10:30-31)
16. Why did the Jews want to kill Jesus? (10:33) How?
17. How did Jesus respond to the Jews' accusation of blasphemy? (10:34-36)
18. Under what circumstance did Jesus say that Jews should believe in Him? (10:37)
- \* 19. Why did Jesus say that the Jews should believe in His miracles? (10:38)

#### ► Get It

- \* 20. In what way is Jesus like a shepherd and how are we like sheep?
- \* 21. Why does Jesus' claim to be God cause people to oppose Him?

#### ► Apply It

- \* 22. How can you be more attentive to the voice of Jesus?
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### Related Questions

- \* How does the Good Shepherd metaphor relate to Jesus as the Davidic Messiah?
- \* How can Jesus be both the “door of the sheep” (v.7) and the “good shepherd” of the sheep (v.11)?
- \* How could the Jews plan to stone Jesus (v.31)? Wasn't it against the law? What about Stephen (Acts 7)?
- \* What does “the scripture cannot be broken” (v.35) mean? Don't people break it all the time?

Note: Study guides for this series of lessons are available on the Internet at [www.howellfamily.us/john.htm](http://www.howellfamily.us/john.htm)